

## FOI\_1499\_2023-24 - FOI Request concerning Blood Contamination

1. Prior to blood culture collection, what skin asepsis solution does your hospital/Trust/Health Board use in the skin preparation/ cleaning process licensed skin antisepsis applicator

Blood cultures are not routinely taken within Solent NHS Trust, the adult peripheral venesection policy states to Clean the patient's skin carefully for 30 seconds using a chlorhexidine 2% in 70% isopropyl; alcohol sterile wipe this is supplied via the supply chain. Aseptic/ non touch technique is used.

- a) licensed skin antisepsis applicator
- b) licensed skin disinfection wipe
- c) non licensed wipe
- d) non licensed wipe
- 2. How long do you clean the patient's skin for and what technique is used?

  The adult peripheral venesection policy states to Clean the patient's skin carefully for 30 seconds using a chlorhexidine 2% in 70% isopropyl
- 3. How long does your organisation allow the patients skin to dry before blood culture collection?

N/a blood culture collection is not routine practice, venesection guidance is air dry for at least 30 secs

4. Do you know the percentage of contamination rate of blood cultures in your organisation?

0% to date 23/24 year. Blood culture collection is not routine practice, contamination / positive isolates would be followed up via the process at point 5.

- 5. What is the management process following a confirmed blood sample contamination. Is it escalation to
  - a) infection control confirmed isolates in a blood sample are escalated to infection control via the lab/ trust who process our samples. Positive isolates / contamination are investigated under post infection review and patient safety incident process and advice is sought from the contracted microbiologist to the trust.
  - b) microbiology
  - c) education and development
  - d) other, please specify or
  - e) no process?