# INTRODUCTION TO TRANS INCLUSION

#### **POST SESSION RESOURCE**

# LANGUAGE, TERMINOLOGY & IDENTITY

Gender	Often expressed in terms of masculinity and femininity. Largely culturally determined and is assumed from the sex assigned at birth.
Pronouns	Words we use to refer to people's gender in conversation - for example, 'he' or 'she'. Some people may prefer others to refer to them in gender neutral language and use pronouns such as they / them and ze / zir.
Trans	An umbrella term to describe people whose gender is not the same as, or does not sit comfortably with, the sex they were assigned at birth. May encompass one or more of a wide variety of terms, including (but not limited to) transgender, non-binary, gender queer.
Gender Dysphoria	Used to describe when a person experiences discomfort or distress because there is a mismatch between their sex assigned at birth and their gender identity. This is also the clinical diagnosis for someone who doesn't feel comfortable with the sex they were assigned at birth.
Sex Assigned At Birth	Assigned to a person on the basis of primary sex characteristics (genitalia) and reproductive functions. Sometimes this term and

'gender' are interchanged to mean 'male' or 'female'.

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An umbrella term for a person who does not identify as only male or only female, or who may identify as both.

#### Gender Recognition Certificate

This enables trans people over 18 to be legally recognised in their affirmed gender and to be issued with a new birth certificate. Not all trans people will apply for a it. You don't need it to change your gender markers at work or to legally change your gender on other documents.

#### Trans woman

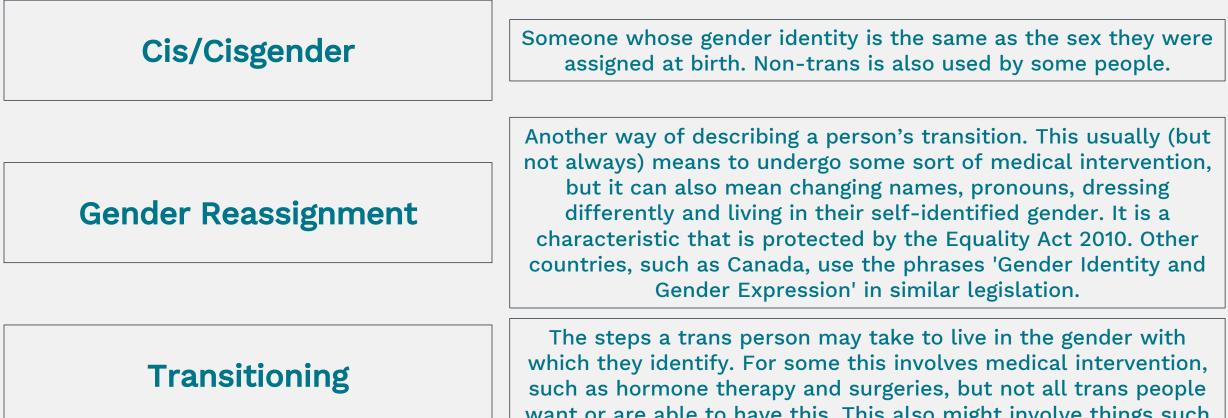
A term used to describe someone who is assigned male at birth but identifies and lives as a woman. This may be shortened to MTF, an abbreviation for male-to-female.

#### Trans man

A term used to describe someone who is assigned female at birth but identifies and lives as a man. This may be shortened to FTM, an abbreviation for female-to-male

#### **Gender identity**

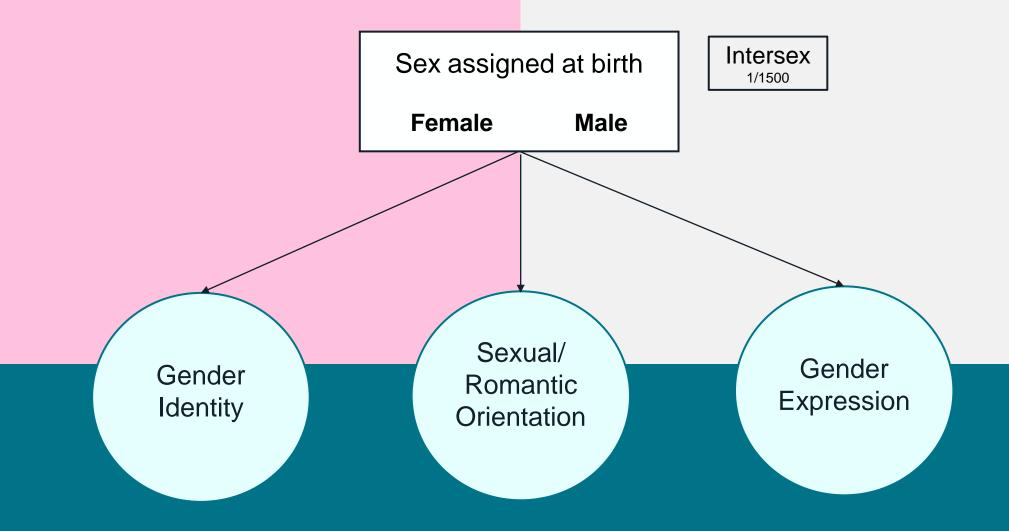
A person's internal sense of their own gender, whether male, female, non-binary or something else, which may or may not correspond to the sex assigned at birth.

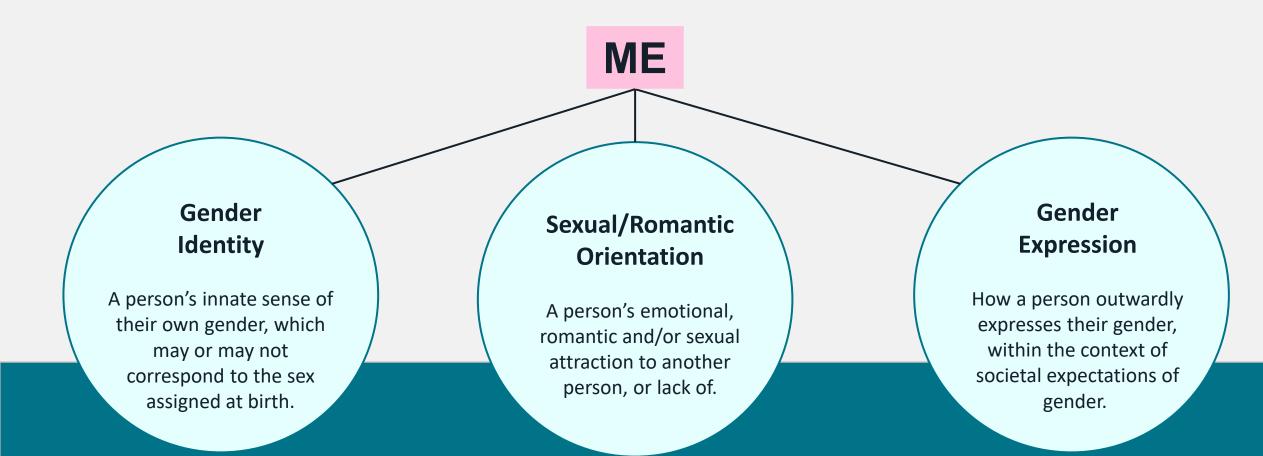


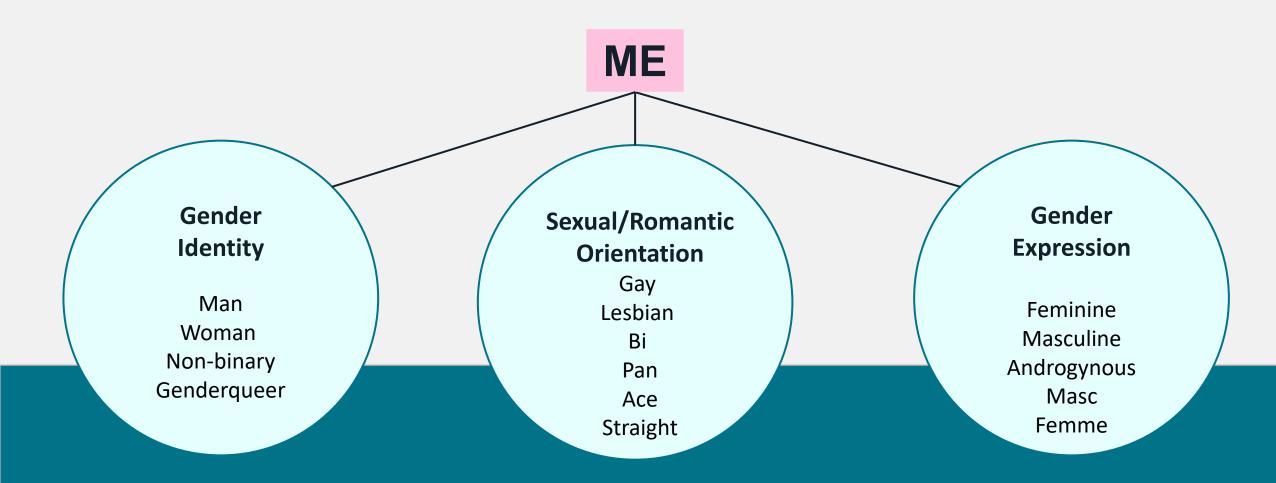
such as hormone therapy and surgeries, but not all trans people want or are able to have this. This also might involve things such as telling friends and family, dressing differently and changing official documents

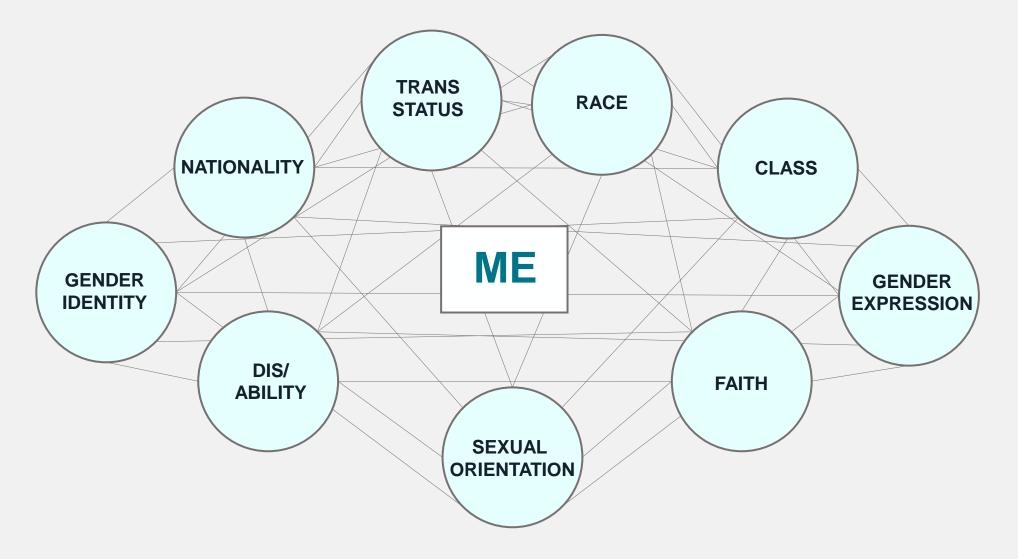
#### Your identity

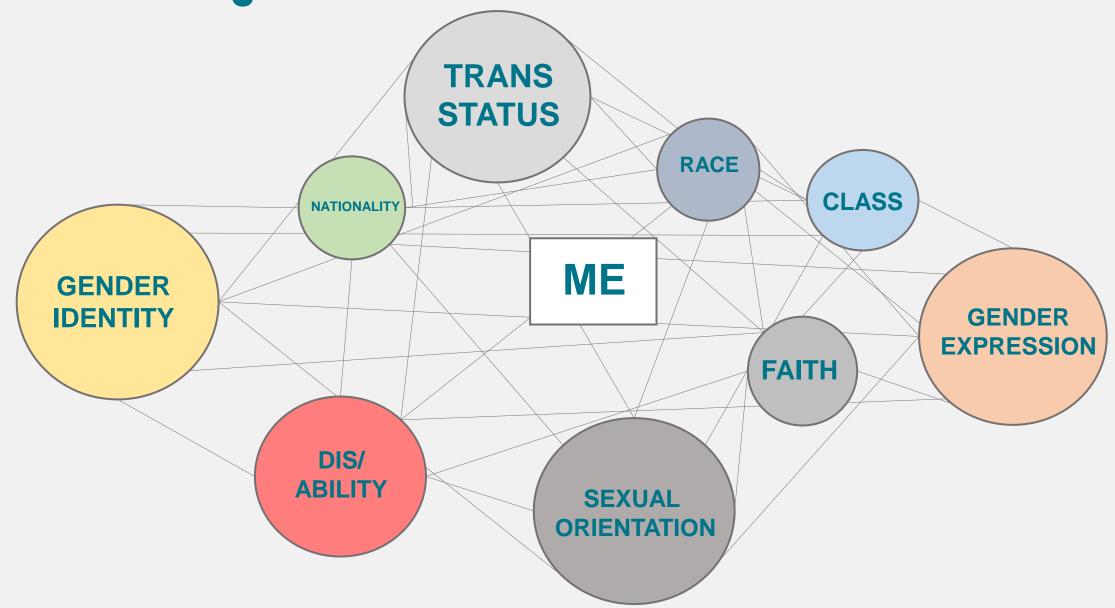
Identity is someone's innate sense of self and ownership of the components that make up who they are.













It's OK to make mistakes

**Don't guess** or make assumptions

**Everyone** has a sexual orientation and gender identity

**Consider** your questions carefully

# TRANS EXPERIENCES

# **Gender in Society**

Many aspects of society are gendered

**Spaces:** Public toilets, changing rooms, bars/pubs, support centres, as well as some hospital wards and religious buildings.

Jobs & Activities: Sports, parental roles, and many different jobs, including care work, manual labour, nursing, and the military.

**Behaviours & Choices:** Clothing and school uniforms, gestures and mannerisms, the pitch and tone of one's voice, choices of music and art, and even diet.



# **Content Warning:**

#### Discussions of transphobia, discrimination, hate crimes



## Transphobia

**Transphobia is** the fear or dislike of someone who identifies as trans, including the denial/refusal to accept their gender identity.

## **Examples of Transphobia**

Speculating about or questioning someone's gender

Purposefully ignoring someone's pronouns or preferred name

Asking inappropriate questions about someone's medical treatment

Questioning someone's ability to 'pass'

Disclosing someone's trans identity or history without permission

## **Trans Experiences**

At a second consultation, our designated new GP told my partner flat-out the she was uncomfortable prescribing the hormones agreed by our London GP. We were stunned. 'Uncomfortable' is not a medical explanation. I can't begin to imagine how these recurring hurdles make him feel, but on my part, I feel powerless, utterly outraged, and humiliated. Emily, 31 (East of England)

## **Trans Experiences**

Gender Identity Clinics in this country are largely awful and take forever to see patients. Once you are seen, one false move and you're discharged and have to start from scratch. It's frustrating. Norma, 33 (North East)

### **Trans Experiences**

One in four trans people fear discrimination from healthcare providers.

Wait times for gender identity clinics can be as long as **five years** in England.

**45% of trans people** report not being able to afford treatment (private treatment, travel, etc.).

Almost one in ten trans people don't feel able to use a toilet that they feel comfortable with.

**1 in 8** trans people have been physically attacked by customers or colleagues while at work.

# **BEING AN ALLY**

#### **Inclusive Allyship Quadrant**

#### Positive

"I don't mind who you are. I treat everyone the same."

Visible, active leaders, role modelling, allies.

Passive

Not challenging racism, transphobic banter or bi erasure (passive acceptance)

Being homophobic, biphobic, transphobic, racist, sexist... Active

Negative

# CREATING AN INCLUSIVE ENVIRONMENT

How can we make our workplaces more inclusive for trans people?

LGBTQ+ people are protected from discrimination by the Equality Act 2010, regardless of whether or not they are "out" at work.

**Using or disclosing** your name and pronouns in email signatures or internal meetings shows a basic level of respect that you should show every colleague.

If you make a mistake **apologise**, **correct yourself** and then **move on**. Listen first, **ask** if in doubt, and always **respect** the individual's choice.

**Correct** each other and show trans colleagues and patients that their identity is being taken seriously.

**Recognize** that gender and sexuality impact the specific healthcare needs and comfort level accessing care for many patients.

**Don't comment** on whether you feel someone could be more "convincing" or that they are "convincing".

**Create and highlight** HR policies and employee support protocols. These policies add to the support all staff might need, but they don't take away existing protections.

**Use** the name trans and nonbinary people ask you to use for them. Using a birthname (often called 'deadname') can be hurtful and alienating for trans colleagues and patients and often discourages them from returning.

# RESOURCES

## **Further suggestions**



The UK Has a Trans Healthcare Crisis | Transnational

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# **Further suggestions**

**Netflix:** Disclosure, Sense8, Pose, Tales of the City, The Umbrella Academy, Dragnificent, Feel Good

**Other TV:** Veneno, Transparent, Euphoria, September Mornings, Dead End: Paranormal Park

**Films:** Paris is Burning, No Ordinary Man: The Billy Tipton Story, Keyboard Fantasies, By Hook or By Crook, A Fantastic Woman, Something Must Break

**Comedy / Performers:** Mae Martin, FOCitup, Travis Alabanza

# **Further suggestions**

#### Podcasts

One From the Vaults, Bad Gay, What the Trans?!, Translash, Marsha's Plate

#### Activists / Influencers

Fox and Owl Fisher, Juno Dawson, Munroe Bergdorf, Kuchenga, Liv Little / GalDem, Lady Phyll, Kenny Ethan Jones

#### Books

The Transgender Issue by Shon Faye Transgender History by Susan Stryker Lote by Shola von Reinhold Redefining Realness by Janet Mock Detransition Baby – Torrey Peters Amateur – Thomas Page McBee













